Warm-Up 21JAN2016

- 1. What surprised you about the "Water off a Duck's Back" lab?
- 2. What is the living organism that aids in waste-water treatment?

Logistics

- Due today:
 - Water off a Duck's Back

- Due Friday:
 - 10 Vocabulary
 - Multiple Choice Celebration 9/14
 - MONDAY: FRQ for 9/14

Heavy Metals and Other Substances that can threaten human Health and the Environment

- Lead
- Arsenic
- Mercury
- Acids
- Synthetic compounds (pesticides, pharmaceuticals, and hormones)

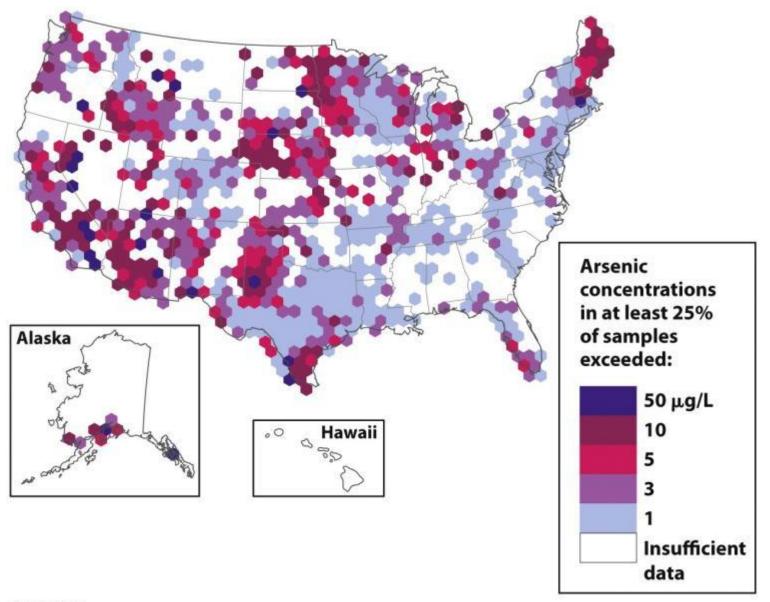


Figure 14.8
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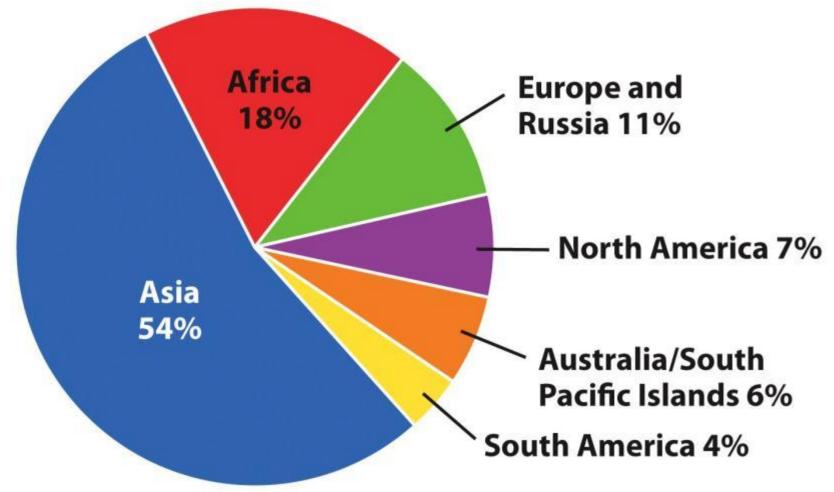
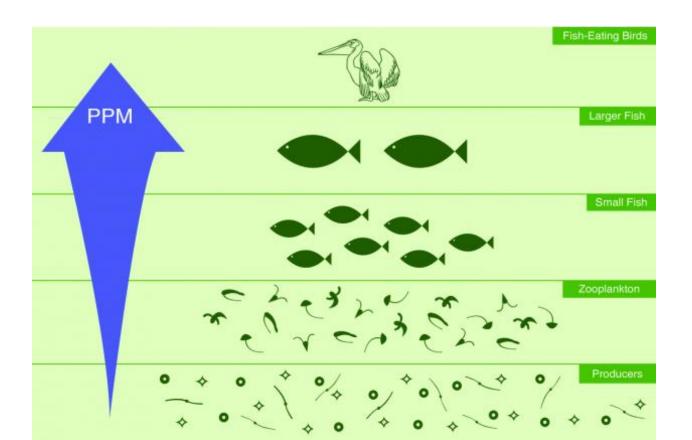


Figure 14.9
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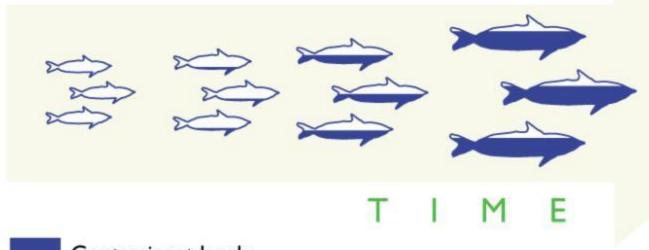
World Mercury Pollution

Bioaccumulation

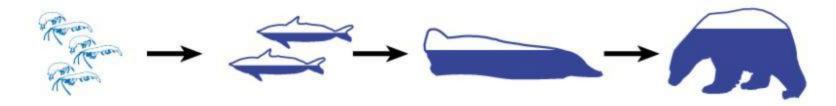
 An increasing of concentration of pollutants as the toxin travels up the food chain



Bioaccumulation



Contaminant levels

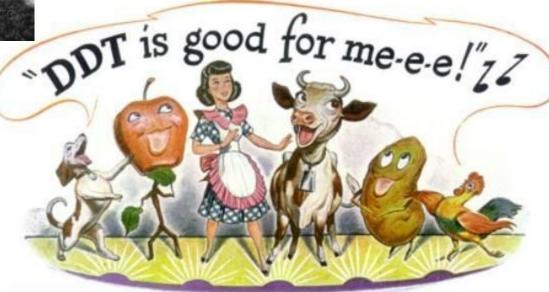




Biomagnification









- Mercury
- Methylmercury
- Tetramethyllead
- DDT
- Strontium-90



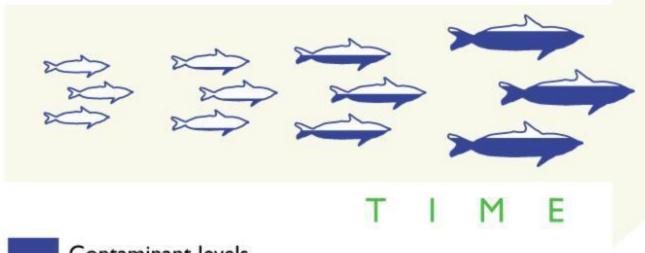
Water Pollutants

- Animal waste
- Oil spills
- Heavy metals
- Mine drainage

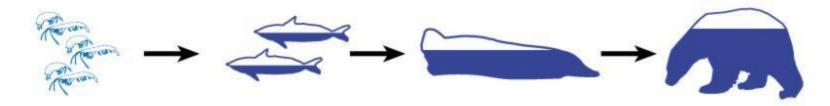
Heavy Metals and Other Substances that can threaten human Health and the Environment

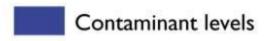
- Lead
- Arsenic
- Mercury
- Acids
- Synthetic compounds (pesticides, pharmaceuticals, and hormones)

Bioaccumulation



Contaminant levels





Biomagnification



Figure 14.10
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Acid drainage leeches from mines and causes iron to precipitate out of the water







Henderson Mine



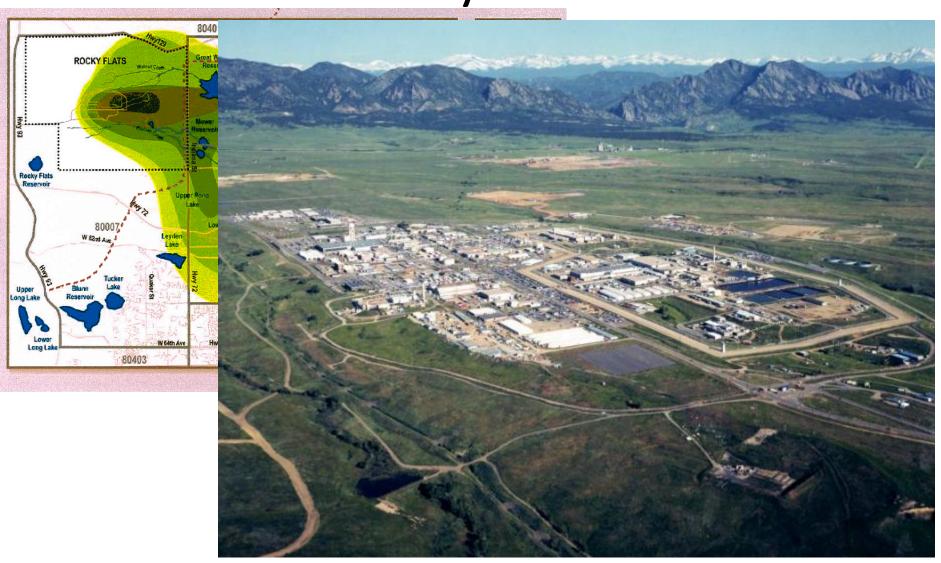
- Other mines in CO:
 - Climax Mine
 - Red Lady



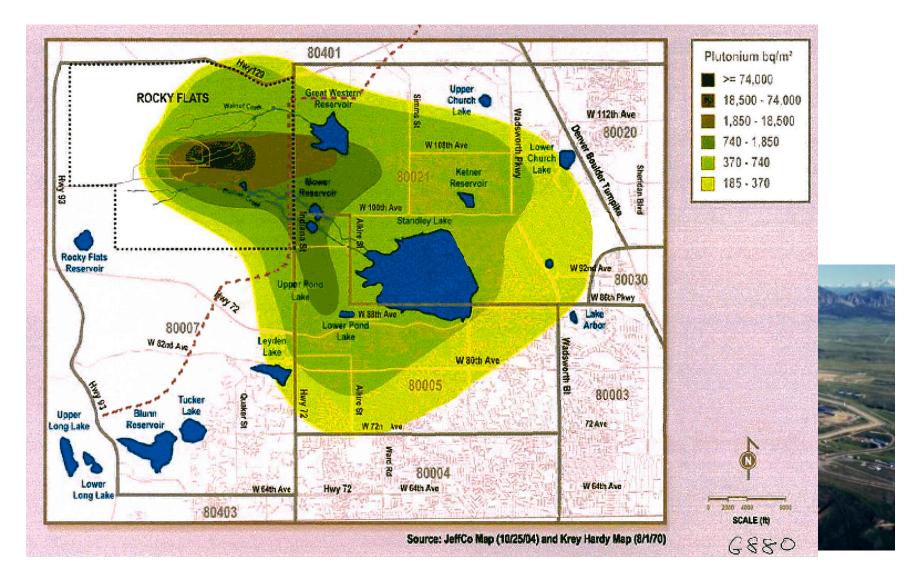
Other water pollutants

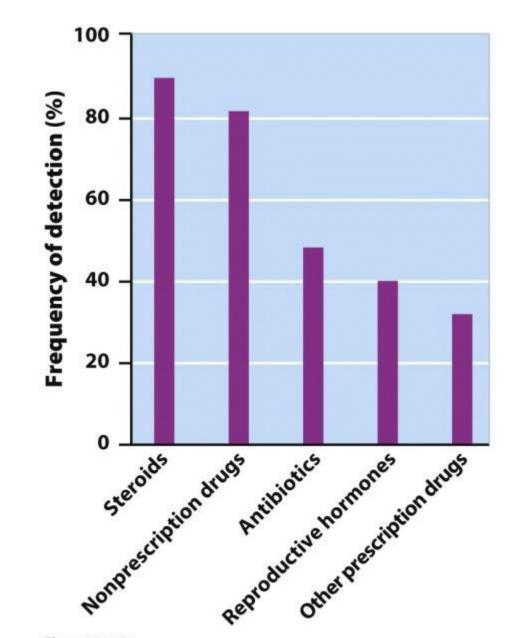
- Pesticides
- Pharmaceuticals and hormones
- Military Compounds (perchlorates)
- Industrial Compounds

Rocky Flats



Rocky Flats





Stream Contaminants

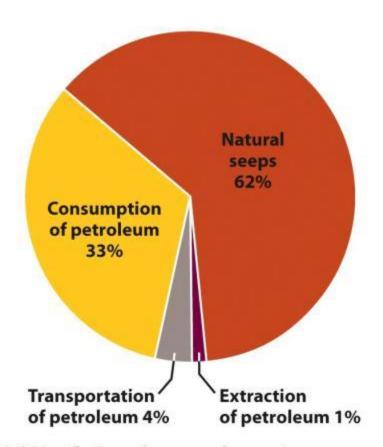
Figure 14.12
Environmental Science
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Polychlorinated biphenyls (PCBs)



- Describe the primary dangers associated with heavy metals in water.
- Explain the role of acid deposition in water pollution.
- Name examples of synthetic compounds that have been found in our water supply and explain why they are a concern.

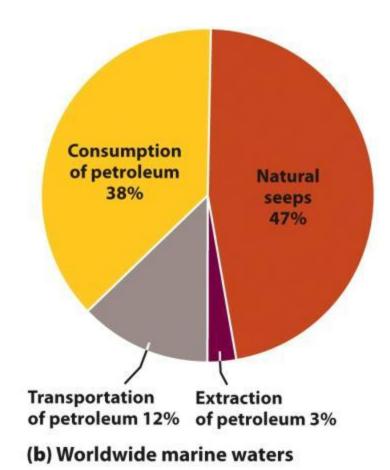
Oil Pollution



(a) North American marine waters

Figure 14.15
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Ways to Remediate Oil Pollution

- Containment using booms to keep the floating oil from spreading.
- Chemicals that help break up the oil, making it disperse before it hits the shoreline.

Bacteria that are genetically engineered to consume oil





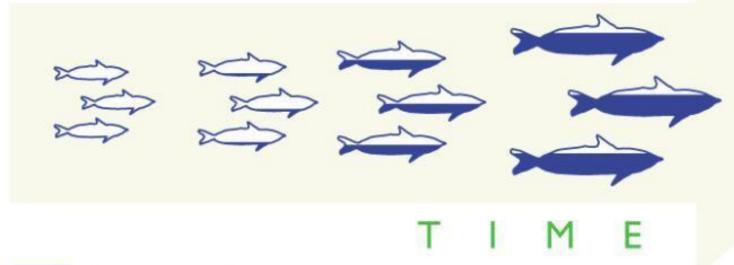




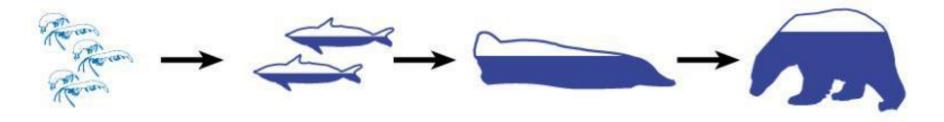


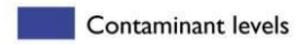
- Name several ways in which oil gets into the ocean
- Describe the effects of an oils spill
- What are 3 ways to remediate an oil spill?

Bioaccumulation



Contaminant levels





Biomagnification

Other Water Pollutants

- Solid waste pollution (garbage)
- Sediment pollution (sand, silt and clay)
- Thermal pollution
- Noise pollution

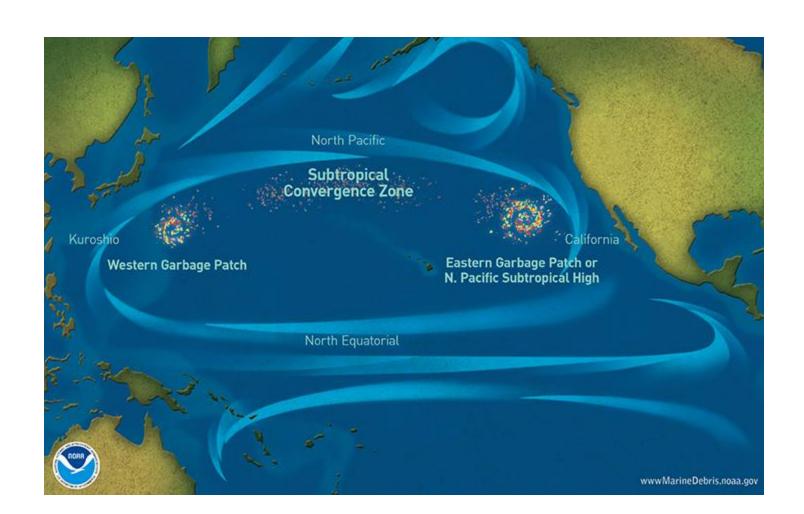
■Solid waste pollution (garbage)



Figure 14.17

Environmental Science

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■Sediment pollution (sand, silt and clay)



Figure 14.18
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• Thermal pollution

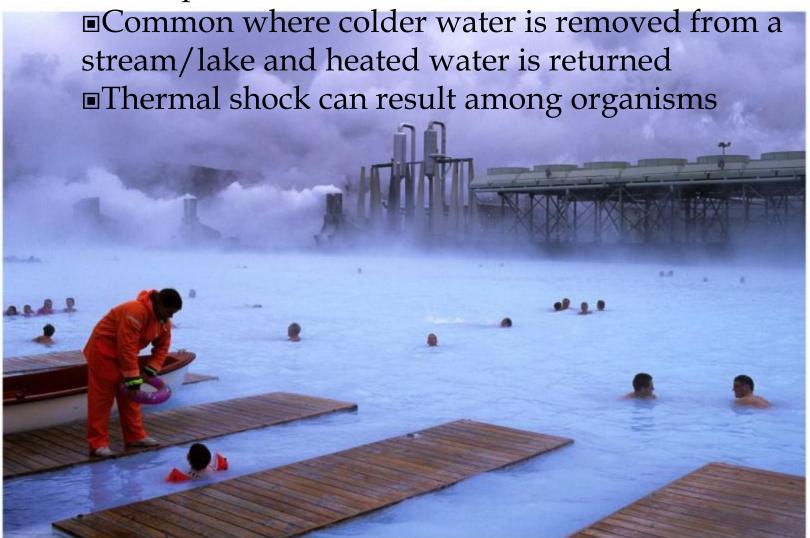
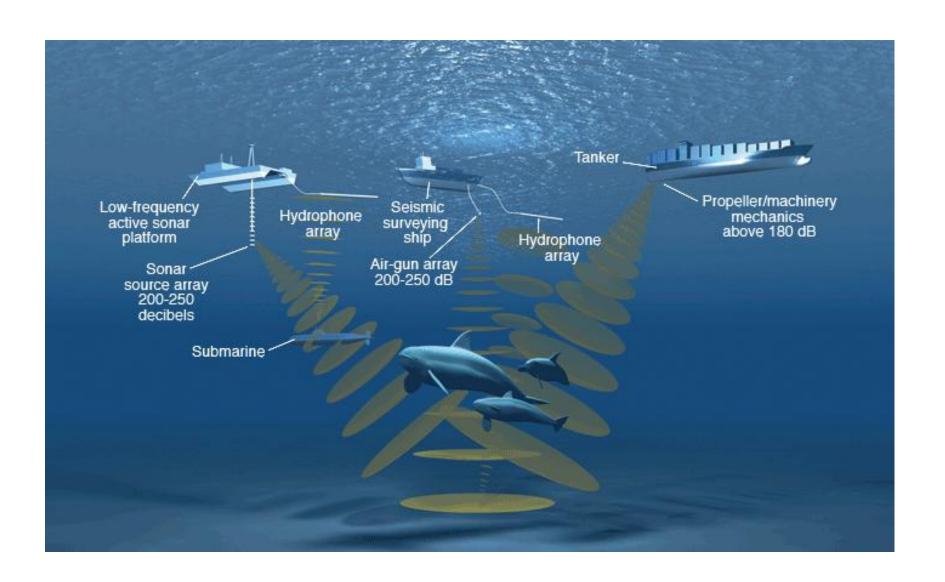


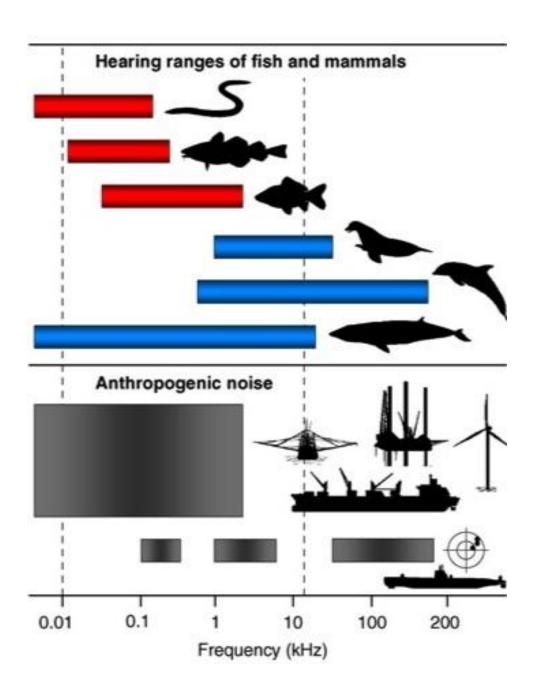
Figure 14.19
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Noise pollution

What noises affect aquatic animals?

- Noise pollution from ship engines and sonar systems make it difficult for marine mammals like whales and dolphins, and prevent it from communicating, finding food, and avoiding hazards.
- If construction sites, freeways, or outdoor concerts are near, it will also interrupt the natural habitat.





- Name 3 kinds of nonchemical water pollution.
- How can nonchemical water pollution be addressed?
- What are some examples of noise pollution as it relates to water?

Warm-Up 22JAN2015

 Do not turn in your warm-ups this week, turn them in next week.

 Explain in brief how plastics from your clothes can end up in your fish

Water Laws

- Clean Water Act- (1972) supports the "protection and propagation of fish, shellfish, and wildlife and recreation in and on the water". (surface waters)
- Issued water quality standards that defined acceptable limits of various pollutants in U.S. waterways.
- Does NOT apply to ground water
- There are efforts to include biodiversity a a measurement of water quality



Water Laws

- Safe Drinking Water Act- (1974, 1986, 1996) sets the national standards for safe drinking water.
- It is responsible for establishing maximum contaminant levels (MCL) for 77 different elements or substances in both surface water and groundwater.
- Arsenic as an example MCL is 50 ppb

TABLE 14.1

The maximum contaminant levels (MCL) for a variety of contaminants in drinking water as determined by the U.S. Environmental Protection Agency, in parts per billion (ppb)

Contaminant category	Contaminant	Maximum contaminant level (ppb)
Microorganism	Giardia	0
Microorganism	Fecal coliform	0
Inorganic chemical	Arsenic	10
Inorganic chemical	Mercury	2
Organic chemical	Benzene	5
Organic chemical	Atrazine	3

Source: U.S. Environmental Protection Agency, http://www.epa.gov/safewater/contaminants/index.html.

TABLE 14.2	The current leading causes and sources of impaired waterways in the United States				
		Causes of impairment	Sources of impairment		
Streams and rivers		Bacterial pathogens, habitat alteration, oxygen depletion	Agriculture, water diversions, dam construction		
Lakes, ponds, and reservoirs		Mercury, PCBs, nutrients	Atmospheric deposition, agriculture		
Bays and estuaries		Bacterial pathogens, oxygen depletion, mercury	Atmospheric deposition, municipal discharges including sewage		

Source: Data from U.S. Environmental Protection Agency. 2004. National Water Quality Inventory: Report to Congress.

Table 14.2
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Developing countries and Water

- While a country is in the process of industrializing, often there are no environmental regulations to control water and air pollution
- Africa, Asia, South America, China, India, and eastern Europe all have prevalent water pollution problems due to rapid industrialization



- What is an MCL?
- What is the relationship between economic development and clean water?
- Describe some of the legislative actions taken to protect clean water and why they are significant.

 You have time to study, work on missing work, complete your case study, or examine your Eco-Column

PLEASE use it productively

Warm-up

23JAN2015

- Please turn in your 10 vocabulary
- Use these final moments to look over your notes.